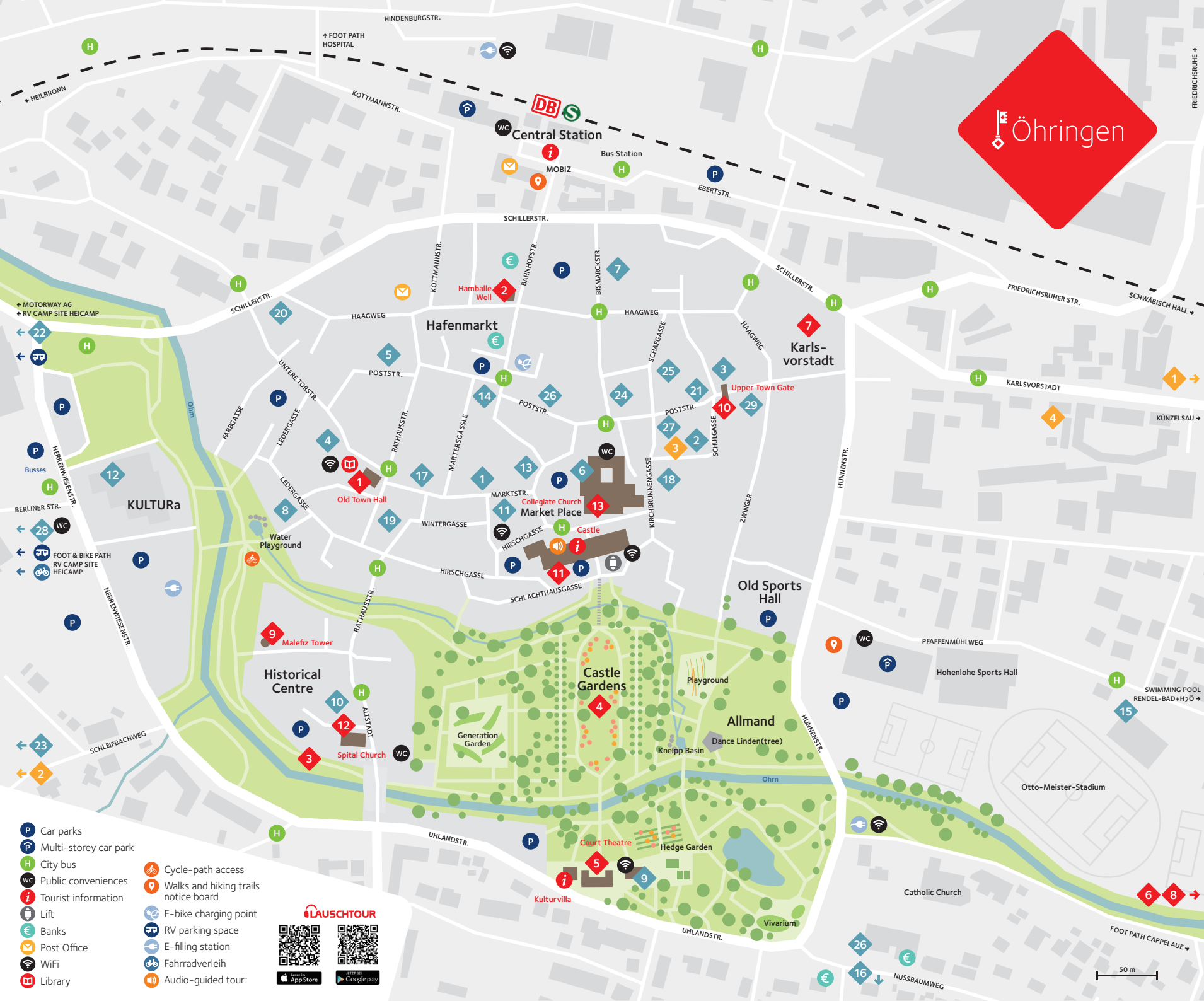


Town Centre Map



- Places of interest**
- 1 Old Town Hall
 - 2 Hamballe Well
 - 3 Medicinal herb garden
 - 4 Castle Gardens
 - 5 Court Theatre
 - 6 Hohenlohe Barn (Cappelaue)
 - 7 Karlsvorstadt
 - 8 Limes Triad (Cappelaue)
 - 9 Crime Tower (Malefiz Tower)
 - 10 Outer Town Gate
 - 11 Residential Castle (Town Hall)
 - 12 Spital Church
 - 13 Collegiate Church

- Museums**
- 1 Maritime Museum (Cappel)
 - 2 Engine and Glass Museum
 - 3 Museum Workshop Pff aumer
 - 4 Weygang Museum

- Gastronomy & Accomodation (A)**
- 1 Ristorante Pizzeria Da Luana
 - 2 Osteria Ice Cream Parlor Da Pino
 - 3 Da Vinci Ristorante & Pizzeria
 - 4 Cafe de Paris
 - 5 Bakery Discher
 - 6 CATALEYA Food & Wine.
 - 7 BioMarket Bistro Geist
 - 8 Cafe-Bistro Hamballe
 - 9 Restaurant Hoftheater
 - 10 Pub Key West
 - 11 Brewery Restaurant Krone (A)
 - 12 Restaurant KULTURA
 - 13 Bakery LBV
 - 14 Cafe am Markt
 - 15 Restaurant Mediterraneo
 - 16 Restaurant Namaste India
 - 17 Nussknacker1964
 - 18 Bakery Offenhäuser
 - 19 Saigon Restaurant
 - 20 Hotel-Restaurant Schillerplatz (A)
 - 21 Ice Cream Parlor Simonetti
 - 22 Sinzinger's Krone (Unterohrn) (A)
 - 23 Sporthotel (A)
 - 24 Ice Cream Parlor Spuntino
 - 25 Thong Thai
 - 26 Bakery Trunk
 - 27 Vivo Cafe, Wine & more
 - 28 Wama's Burger & Pinsa
 - 29 Hotel Württemberger Hof (Ü)

- P Car parks
- P Multi-storey car park
- H City bus
- WC Public conveniences
- i Tourist information
- Lift
- € Banks
- Post Office
- WiFi
- Library

- Cycle-path access
- Walks and hiking trails notice board
- E-bike charging point
- RV parking space
- E-filling station
- Fahrradverleih
- Audio-guided tour:

LAUSCHTOUR

Old Town Hall 1

Built in 1496 and, following a fire, restored in 1504. The gothic entrance originally led to an open market hall. On the face of the building, the coats of arms of Hohenlohe, Öhringen and Württemberg (from left to right) can be seen. The statue of Kraft VI of Hohenlohe, who provided the estate, is from 1549. On the upper floor, the Renaissance interior setting of the council room (1603) has been preserved. It has been used as the town and homeland library since 1994.

Hamballe Well 2

Created by the artist Hermann Koziol and constructed in 1986. The "Hamballe" has become a lovable symbolic "figurehead" for the Öhringen citizens. A simple-minded, mischievous rascal-like figure; "a high-minded prototype of oafishness".



Medicinal herb garden 3

In memory of Countess Anna Magdalena, who lived in medieval Öhringen in the field of medicinal herbalism, the landscaped garden.

Castle Gardens 4

The around 300 year old castle gardens are the heart of Öhringen and have always been a green oasis. A generation garden, impressive baroque avenues, an adventure playground and much more resulted from the Öhringen 2016 horticultural show. In the animal compounds with their children's zoo and aviary, visitors can enjoy close contact to alpacas, kangaroos and parakeets. The French garden and herbal garden have also gained a new shine since the 2016 show.



Court Theatre 5

In 1743, Count Johann Friedrich II of Hohenlohe-Neuenstein-Öhringen ordered the erection of a baroque "house of desire". The building was later used as an orangery, from 1787 as a theatre house and from 1984 as a community centre. Today, it is let out for various events and also offers a restaurant.

Hohenlohe Barn 6

Erected for the horticultural show in 2016. During the summer months of May to September, regional dishes are served, as well as warm meals on

Sundays. Local wines, sparkling wines and fruit juices from local wineries round up these tempting offers. www.hohenloher-scheune.de

Karlsvorstadt 7

In the course of residential extensions from 1782 onwards, a neoclassical uniform site was erected under the instructions of Prince Ludwig Friedrich Karl. Craftsmen and civil servants also settled here. The Weygang-Museum is well worth a visit. (see museums no. 4)

Limes Triad 8

A 450m long copper-beech hedge represents part of the Limes Triad, illustrating the dead-straight roman earth-heritage line through the Hohenlohe countryside. From one of the three viewing platforms, the "Limes Blick" nearby, you are able to enjoy a wonderful panoramic view of the surrounding area. And you can't fail to see the striking, colourful, monumental town gate nearer the road.

Malefiz Tower 9

For the expansion of crimes or bad deeds. A circular layout with 1.10m thick walls. A round-arched frieze in roman architecture with cone-type roof. Today a residential house.



Outer Town Gate 10

Constructed in neoclassical style in 1792 by Prince Ludwig Friedrich Karl of Hohenlohe-Neuenstein-Öhringen. The panels show the slogan and coats of arms of the main Hohenlohe-Neuenstein line. The iron wings of the gate were removed in 1835 and the pedestrian passages date back to 1955.

Residential Castle 11

The oldest part of the castle, the "long building", with its entrance to the castle court yard, originated in the years 1611 to 1616. As an old canon residence, it was initially a wi-



dow's domicile for Countess Magdalena of Hohenlohe. The rectangular building, with its potent castle cellar, was constructed with coving gables at the ends of three sides and, facing the courtyard, an octagonal spiral staircase was erected. In 1677, Öhringen became a place of residence, under the governing of Count Johann Friedrich I of Hohenlohe-Neuenstein. Extension to the castle later took place with stables on the west side, giving space for 30 horses. Further extensions were made between 1770 and 1775; the "Remisenbau" to the west (today the townhall entrance) and the impressive steps in the courtyard. From 1813 to 1814, the neoclassical "Princes' Building" was added to the north-west side, giving the castle its present appearance and size. Since 1961, the castle together with the castle grounds has been the holding of the town Öhringen. Today the townhall can be found here. It, representative rooms of the castle have been preserved. For example, the Rokoko library, the "landscape room", with wall illustrations of Italian landscapes (today the registry office), and two halls of splendor (the blue and white hall) from 1848.

Spital Church 12

Sanctified in 1376 in honour of and in appreciation of St. Anna, patron saint and donor. Church services were held

here for prebendaries of the church. The church has been reconverted several times over the years. Today, it belongs to the evangelical parish.



Collegiate Church 13

A three naved-basilica late-gothic hall church with crypt and cloister. Over the entrance are statues of Petrus and Paulus, the patrons of the church (13th century, today copies). According to the preserved Deed of Foundation from 1037, together with her other son, Bishop Gebhard of Regensburg, Countess Adelheid, mother of the first Salian Emperor Konrad II, established an affluently endowed monastery in place of a parish church here. At that time, a large roman basilica was built, parts of which have been preserved and can be seen in the present building. The first substantial extension took place around 1240. The present building was erected on the same site between 1450 and 1510.

Maritime Museum 1

Delve into a vast collection put together by Kurt Kreipl, with over 43000 exhibits including molluscs, corals, sponges, crabs, over 550 sea urchins and starfish, brachiopods, as well as an impressive collection of sharks' teeth in all sizes. Höhenweg 6, 74613 Öhringen-Cappel Phone 0173 9272204 www.meeremuseum-oehringen.de Open: Sundays 2-5 pm on appointment



Engine and Glass Museum 2

Through his enthusiasm for history and stories, the founder of this museum collected noble state coaches, iconic motorbikes, glass works of art, enamel advertising plates, juke boxes, cameras and everyday design-objects. Stettiner Straße 22 (industrial park west), 74613 Öhringen Phone 07941 8027 www.motormuseum-oehringen.de www.glasmuseum-oehringen.de

Open: April-October Tuesday-Thursday 1-4 pm 1st. Sunday in the month 1-5 pm

Museum Workshop Pflaumer 3

The small Workshop Pflaumer was a family business for three generations from 1882 to 1992. In 1993, it was sold to the town of Öhringen. It could since be catalogued and maintained as a unique historical benchmark. Schulgasse 14, 74613 Öhringen Opening hours for groups by arrangement Schulgasse 14, 74613 Öhringen Phone 07941 68-118 oder -146 (upon request)

Weygang-Museum 4

The Weygang Museum dates back to the tin-casting industrialist August Weygang (1859-1946). Tin and folk art of various eras. Documents and objects depicting the history of the town promise hours of interest. The Roman Cellar in the basement, as well as the "Limes Container", a special room containing information on the UNESCO world heritage Limes, also invite visitors interested in history. Karlsvorstadt 38, 74613 Öhringen www.weygang-museum.de Visits by appointment only weygang.museum@oehringen.de

Öhringen



Town map with tourist guide

Öhringen is located in Hohenlohekreis, on the A6 motorway and only a few kilometers from the A81 motorway. Öhringen can also be easily reached by regional train as well as with the city rail transit S4 from Karlsruhe to Heilbronn.



Tourist information at Kulturvilla
Monday-Friday 8.30 am-12.15 pm
Wednesday 2-4 pm, Thursday 2-6 pm
Uhlandstraße 29
Phone 07941 68-118 (weekdays)
E-Mail: tourist@oehringen.de

Tourist information at castle
Monday-Wednesday 8.30 am-4 pm, Thursday 8.30 am-6 pm
and Friday 8.30 am-12.15 pm
Further helpful information can be found any time in the red leaflet-holder in front of the town hall (right wing of the castle)

Tourist information at railway station "Mobiz"
Monday-Friday 7.15 am-6.30 pm, Saturday 9 am-12.30 pm
Railway Station 1, www.nvh.de

www.oehringen.de
www.hohenloher-perlen.de
www.gems-of-hohenlohe.com

Öhringen

Pearls of Hohenlohe

Große Kreisstadt Öhringen
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